

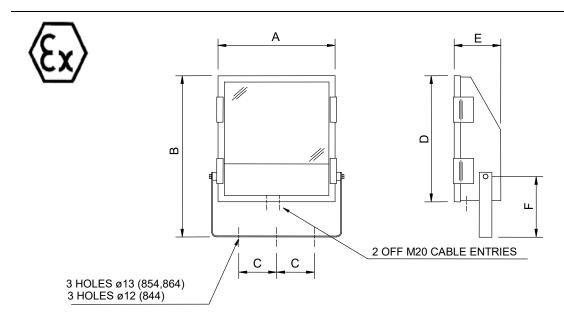
# 800 Series – Floodlight Luminaires (Ex n) ATEX

## Models 844, 854, and 864

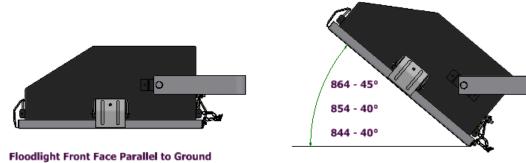
## INSTALLATION, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS

### Important:

Please read these instructions carefully before installing or maintaining this equipment. Good electrical practices should be followed at all times and this data should be used as a guide only.



DIMENSIONS	844 70W	854 150/250/400W	864 400W
A	308	415	456
В	443	630	615
С	75	150	150
D	348	490	490
E	150	185	220
F	175	260	250



Recommended Maximum Mounting Angles from Horizontal



0.0 Specification	
Type Of Protection	Ex nR (restricted breathing)
Protection Standards	EN 50021, EN 50281-1-1.
Area Classification	Zone 2 areas to EN 60079-10-1, Zone 22 areas to EN 60079-10-2.
Installation	EN 60079-14
Certificate	Type Examination Certificate BAS98ATEX3378
Equipment Coding	Ex nR II T* (T amb see table 1 for details)
ATEX Coding	II 3GD T"°C (see table 1)
Ingress Protection	IP66/67 to EN 60529
	The CE marking of this product applies to "The Electrical Equipment (Safety) Regulations 2006", "The Electromagnetic Compatibility Regulations 2004", the "Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Regulations 2006" and the "Equipment and Protective Systems intended for use in Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 1996". [This legislation is the equivalent in UK law of EU directives 2014/35/EU, 2014/30/EU, 2012/19/EU and 2014/34/EU respectively]. The Equipment is declared to meet the provisions of the ATEX directive (2014/34/EU) by reason of the Type Examination and compliance with the Essential Health and Safety Requirements. M Poutney Technical Manager

## SPECIAL CONDITIONS FOR SAFE USE

None

### 1.0 Introduction – 800 nR Series Floodlights

The type of protection is Ex nR using a restricted breathing enclosure.

The luminaire is restricted in its mounting position - The beam of the floodlight may be aimed at any angle but the control gear must always be mounted on or below the axis of rotation of the luminaire.

### 2.0 Application

The luminaire is designed to be safe in normal operation.

The luminaire should not be used in conditions where there are environmental, vibration or shock conditions above the normal for fixed installations.

The gaskets should not be exposed to hydrocarbons in liquid or high concentration vapour states.

The luminaire is suitable for applications where *Category* 3 apparatus is used. The application is for ignitable gas and dust atmospheres. The type examination does not address suitability for portable applications.

### 3.0 Installation and Safety

### 3.1 General

There are no health hazards associated with this product whilst in normal use. However, care should be exercised during the following operations. Installation should be carried out in accordance with BS EN60079-14 or the local hazardous area code of practice, whichever is appropriate.

The luminaires are Class 1 and should be effectively earthed.

Certification details on the rating plate must be verified against the application requirements before installation. The information in this leaflet is correct at the time of publication. The company reserves the right to make specification changes as required.

#### 3.1.1 Use in Combustible Dust Atmospheres

Where the equipment is used in ignitable dust atmospheres reference must be made to the selection and installation standards in order that the equipment is used correctly. In particular this applies to the de-rating of surface temperature for use where dust clouds may be present. Dust layers should not be allowed to accumulate on the fitting surface and good housekeeping is required for safe operation. Dust in layers has the potential to form ignitable clouds and to burn at lower temperatures.

Refer to EN 60079-10-2 & EN 60079-14 for additional details of selection and installation.



#### 3.1.2 Hybrid Mixtures – Gas and Dust

Where hybrid mixtures exist as a potentially explosive atmosphere, consideration should be given to verifying that the maximum surface temperature of the luminaire is below the ignition temperature of the hybrid mixture.

### 3.2 Tools

A piece of 6mm bar or a cross head screwdriver blade to open the cover. 19mm A/F spanner, 8mm A/F socket, 3mm and 5mm flat blade screwdriver. Pliers, knife, wire strippers/cutters.

### 3.3 Electrical Supplies

The supply voltage and frequency should be specified when ordering a maximum voltage variation of +6%/-6% on the nominal is expected. (The safety limit for T rating is +10%). Luminaires should not be operated continuously at more than +6%/-10% of the rated supply voltage of the control gear or tapping. The user must determine the *actual* underlying site supply and purchase or adjust accordingly. In some cases, the luminaires have multi-tapped control gear which can be set to a range of 50 and 60Hz voltages. The tappings are shown on the control gear and the limits are shown on the rating plate. If the equipment is located in high or low voltage sections of the system, an appropriate voltage tap should be selected to obtain the best lamp performance, but care must be taken to log or mark the equipment so that the tapping is re-set if the equipment is relocated. If in doubt, tappings should be set on the high side. If an autotransformer is fitted, the output voltage should be checked and, where appropriate, the tappings should be adjusted to suit the actual circuit voltage. 10V Max. drop is desirable for HPS and required for MBI. All circuits use S.I.P. (superimposed pulse) ignitors. This means that there are only two connections to the choke, so tap selection is obvious. Where supply conditions include significant harmonics, the PFC can be omitted.

Where shore or construction site supplies are used, which are different to the service location supplies, tappings should be re-set. If not, advice on the effect of these temporary supplies should be sought from the Technical Department.

#### 3.4 Lamps

The discharge lamps used are of a standardised type. There is no preference between make or colour. The 800 nR series uses tubular HPS and MBI lamps. Care must be taken to fit the correct new and replacement lamps in order to preserve the certification conditions and obtain the designed photometric performance. The lamp type is shown on the rating plate. *Lamps should be replaced shortly after they do not light.* One indication of the end of life for HPS lamps is 'cycling' where the lamp goes out then re-ignites after a minute or so interval. If discharge luminaires are burned continuously, they should be switched off occasionally to allow old lamps to fail to re-ignite, rather than possibly become diodes with detrimental effects to control gear.

The above information is current at the time of preparation. The development of lamps and control gear is ongoing and detailed advice on lamp performance can be obtained from the lamp supplier or from Chalmit. **Important:** *HPS and MBI circuits should not be energised without a lamp fitted. HPS and MBI lamps with internal ignitors must not be used.* 

### 3.5 Mounting

Luminaires should be installed where access for maintenance is practical and in accordance with any lighting design information provided for the installation. This will usually consist of aiming points and aiming angles. Recommended maximum aiming angles are indicated in above diagrams to minimize light wastage. The foot mounting or rear mounting arrangements should be secured with lock washers or self-locking nuts and bolts. The luminaire should be mounted with the lamp axis horizontal.

### 3.6 Cabling and Cable Glands

#### 3.6.1 Cables

The cable entry temperatures are given as the rise over the maximum rated ambient. This allows the user to adjust the cable specification for the actual site maximum temperature. The terminals are suitable for standard conductor section up to 6mm<sup>2</sup> max. All models are suitable for looping. Standard 300/500V cable is suitable. The cable makeup must be suitable to ensure the obtaining of a restricted breathing enclosure when the cable gland assembly is fitted.

It is strongly advisable to use a high quality and well filled cable with direct entry into restricted breathing luminaires.



### 3.6.2 Cable Glands

Cable glands and sealing plugs when installed must maintain the restricted breathing enclosure. Entries suitable for M20 cable glands are standard.

To maintain the restricted breathing properties of the enclosure a suitable cable gland such as a **Hawke 501/453/RAC** type should be installed or a cable gland satisfying the following requirements:

- The cable gland must satisfy the requirements for en 60079-0 and must maintain an ingress rating of at least IP65.
- The certified cable gland is to be a compression type gland where the cable sheath is evenly compressed when tightened or an Ex d stuffing type or a punched seal type.
- To enable a reliable seal at the cable entry face a neoprene or silicone rubber washer and a stainless steel washer are provided for each entry and must be fitted.

#### 3.7 Cabling and Fitting Lamps

Access for cabling and fitting lamps is by removing the front cover. Before removing the cover on any occasion, check that the support chain is sound. The cover is released by undoing the six toggle clips using a screwdriver or a peg through the hole in the clip. The reflector is removed by releasing four screws. The baffle plate is removed by undoing the four M5 nuts on the underside. Reselect the voltage tappings if necessary. Install the conductors in the appropriate terminals. Take care not to cut back the insulation excessively, 1mm bare conductor outside the terminal is a maximum. Any unused terminal should be fully tightened. When the cabling is complete, make a final tightness and connection check. Lamps must be of the correct type and firmly screwed into place. The cover is replaced and the toggle clips snapped back over.

#### 3.8 Inspection and Maintenance

Visual inspection should be carried out at a minimum of 12 monthly intervals and more frequently if conditions are severe. The time between lamp changes could be very infrequent and this is too long a period without inspection.

#### 3.8.1 Routine Examination

The equipment must be de-energised before opening. Individual organisations will have their own procedures. What follows are guidelines based on *EN 60079-17* and on our experience:

- 1 Ensure the lamp is lit when energised and that the lampglass is not damaged.
- 2 When de-energised and left to cool, there should be no significant sign of internal moisture. If there are signs of water ingress, the luminaire should be opened up, dried out, and any likely ingress points eliminated by re-gasketting.
- 3 Check the cable gland for tightness and nip up if necessary.
- 4 Check all cover toggle clips for tightness. If they appear slack, re-set by reducing the angle of the long sides of the clips by bending until they require firm pressure to lock in place.
- 5 Clean the lampglass.
- 6 When relamping, check that the cover gasket has not softened or become excessively deformed, if in doubt replace (See Section 4.0).

### 3.9 Electrical Fault Finding and Replacement

The supply must be isolated before opening the luminaire.

In most instances, the faults are simple, namely loose or broken connections, unserviceable lamps or open circuit control gear. Control gear will not normally go open circuit unless it has first over-heated; the signs of this are obvious, being severe discoloration of the paint on the gear and cracks in any exposed insulation. Similarly, a bad contact at the lamp cap will usually result in discoloration as a sign of overheating.

Any fault finding must be done by a competent electrician and, if carried out with the luminaire in place, under a permit to work. With HPS and MBI, the ignitor can become faulty. If the lamp is fitted, the choke has continuity and the connections are good and correct, they should produce an attempt to start effect in the lamp and a buzzing sound from the ignitor. It will be unusual to have no other parts available to perform a substitution fault finding routine and this is the normal procedure. Before re-assembling, all connections should be checked and any damaged cable replaced. The ignition connection to the lampholder is sleeved with H.T. sleeving and this must be kept in place.



#### 3.9.1 **Thermal Protector**

Thermal protectors are included. If the lamp goes on and off over a timescale of several minutes, this could be the thermal protector operating. The causes are defective lamps/diode effects, gross over voltage or the choke beginning to fail and this should be investigated directly. Also see Section 3.4.

#### 4.0 Overhaul

The unit is largely made of materials which are very corrosion resistant. This allows the unit to be completely stripped, cleaned, then re-built with new electrical parts as required. The internal wiring is 1.0mm<sup>2</sup> flexible, silicone rubber insulated. An H.T. sleeve is fitted to the ignitor cable. All the spares required are available. Please state the model number, lamp and reflector details.

The seal at the cover is between the glass and the body. The glass is retained in the cover frame by silicone R.T.V. adhesive.

If the cover gasket has deteriorated by softening or permanent set, a new cover assembly should be fitted, which can be obtained from Chalmit.

#### 5.0 **Fuse Ratings**

The fuse ratings for HID lamp circuits need to take account of three components of circuit current. Current inrush to PFC capacitors which can be up to 25 x the rated capacitor current and last 1-2 millisecs; lamp starting current including steady capacitor current which together may decline from up to 200% of normal at 10 seconds after switch-on to normal after 4 minutes; rectification effects caused by asymmetrical cathode heating for a few seconds after starting, this effect is random and very variable. With the availability of MCB's with a wide range of characteristics, the individual engineer can make a better judgement of what is required. Use MCB's suitable for inrush currents to reduce ratings. The inrush current can be calculated where circuit conditions are known. The nominal capacitor current will probably be the determining factor, 0.076A per µF at 240V, 50Hz (adjust for other supply volts by multiplication, x 6/5 for 60Hz). For HBC fuses use 1.5 x normal capacitor current. All calculations must satisfy wiring regulations.

#### 6.0 **Disposal of Material**

The unit is mostly made from incombustible materials. The capacitor is of the dry film type and does not contain PCB's. The control gear contains plastic parts and polyester resin. The ignitor contains electronic components and synthetic resins. All electrical components and the body parts may give off noxious fumes if incinerated. Take care to render these fumes harmless or avoid inhalation. Any local regulations concerning disposal must be complied with. Any disposal must satisfy the requirements of the WEEE directive [2012/19/EU] and therefore must not be treated as commercial waste. The unit is mainly made from incombustible materials. The control gear contains plastic, resin and electronic components. All electrical components may give off noxious fumes if incinerated.

#### 6.1 Lamps

Incandescent lamps and discharge lamps in modest quantities are not "special waste". The outer envelope should be broken in a container to avoid possible injury from fragmentation. Any local regulations concerning disposal must be complied with.

Important: Do not incinerate lamps.



To comply with the Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment directive 2012/19/EU the apparatus cannot be classified as commercial waste and as such must be disposed of or recycled in such a manner as to reduce the environmental impact.



Table 1									
Model	Wattage	Lamp	Min Amb °C	Max Amb °C	T Rating	Max Surface Temp ⁰C	Cable Temp Rise °C	Cable Rating °C	VA Rating (When fitted with Autotransformer)
				50	T3(150°C)	150		75	
844	70W	SON/T	-30	40		135	25	65	
	100W	SON/T	-30	55	T4	135		75	
		SON/T	-30	50		135		70	
854	150W	MBI/T	-25	55	Т3	200		75	
004		SON/T	-30			135	25		
	250W	MBI/T	-25	40	T4	135		65	
		SON/T	-30			200			
854*	400W	MBI/T	-25	40	Т3	200	35	75	
		SON/T	-40			200			
	250W	MBI/T	-25	55		200		85	
864	400W	MBI/T	-25	45	Т3	200	30		
	400W	SON/T	-30	50		200		80	
	150W			200					
864**	250W	SON/T	-30	55	Т3	200	20	75	500VA
	400W					200	30	95	

**Note:** \* 400W 854 version is used in conjunction with an external gearbox. \*\* These models have a 110V or a 120V supply..

 Table 2
 Lamp, Starting and Running Currents (240V, 50Hz)

Lamp	Lamp Current	Start Current	Running Current	PFC μF	Circuit Power
70W	0.98	0.6	0.45	10	76
100W	1.2	1.0	0.56	10	114
150W	1.8	1.2	0.75	20	168
250W	3.0	2.65	1.35	30	282
400W	4.6	4.0	2.2	40	445

 Table 3
 Lamp, Starting and Running Currents (120V, 50Hz)

Lamp	Lamp A	Start A	Running A	PFC μF	Circuit Power
150W	1.8	2.4	1.5	20	170
250W	3.0	5.3	2.7	30	290
400W	4.6	8.0	4.4	40	450



## Table 4 Fuse Ratings

Lamp Wattage	Number of Lamps									
	1	2	3	4	5	6				
70W	4A	6A	10A	10A	16A	16A				
100W	4A	6A	10A	10A	16A	16A				
150W	4A	6A	10A	10A	16A	16A				
250W	10A	16A	16A	20A	20A	20A				
400W	16A	20A	20A	25A	25A	32A				
Table 5 V <b>Model</b>	/eights and Winda	nges 8 <b>54/100</b>	854/150	854/250	864/250	864/400				
Weight	12.0kg	16.5kg	17.0kg	18.0kg	18.0kg	18.5kg				
Windage	0.11m <sup>2</sup>		0.20m <sup>2</sup>			0.22m <sup>2</sup>				
maago	0.11m <del>-</del>	0.20m <sup>2</sup>	0.20m <del>-</del>	0.20m <sup>2</sup>	0.22m <sup>2</sup>	0.22m-				
Power factor	≥ 0.85									
EMC	EN 55015									
Terminals	6mm <sup>2</sup> as standard, through wiring and looping has current limit of 16A.									
Tamb Storage	-40°C to +80°C									
Storage	Luminaires should be stored in cool dry conditions preventing ingress of moisture and condensation									
Lamps	Lamps with an E	27 or E40 cap	in accordance	with EN 60238,						
Fuse and section	Refer to tables 2, 3 & 4 for starting and running currents and fuse ratings. Also refer to									
MCB ratings	3.3.1 for information regarding inrush current.									

## Chalmit Lighting is a leading supplier of Hazardous Area lighting products

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Telephone: Fax: Email: Web:	+44 (0) 141 882 555 +44 (0) 141 883 370 info@chalmit.com www.chalmit.com		Registered No: Registered Office	669157 e: Cannon Place 78 Cannon Street London EC4N 6AF UK

#### For technical support, please contact: techsupport@chalmit.com

Note: Chalmit Lighting reserves the right to amend characteristics of our products and all data is for guidance only.



	EU-Declaration								
	UE-Déclaration de conformité								
~&&&~	EU-Konformitätserklärung								
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Manufacturer	Chalmit		Address	388 Hillingto	in Road, G	Blasgow. G52 4BL Sco	Diland UK		
Product 800 Series Floodlight Luminaires.									
Type Examinat	ion Certificate	BAS98ATE							
Notified Body		SGS FIMKO			<b>((</b> ) 4 <sup>1</sup>	0	20		
ATEX Coding		<b>⟨£x⟩</b> ∥3	GD	ATEX Class	ification	Group II Category 3	GD		
Equipment Cod	ding	Ex nR II T*	T*°C	•		·			
Ingress Protect		IP66/67							
The technical b	asis, with respect to	equivalence o	f						
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Protection Star	ndards EN 50021, EN	N 50281-1-1.							
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produit.			,	5			51		
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Prescription de	la directive:				Standard	d & date certifiée à	Normes date Déclaré		
Bestimmungen					Standard	d & Datum	Standards Datum erklärt		
5					Zertifizie	ert nach			
2014/34/EU	Equipment and p	rotective systems intended for use in		EN 5002	21: 1999				
	potentially explosi	ve atmosphere	es.		EN 50281-1-1: 1999				
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2014/25/511									
2014/35/EU	Low voltage equip					98-1 : 2015			
2014/35/UE	Équipements élec				EN 6052	29 : 1992			
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Qualitätssicherungsnotifikation durch:

On behalf of the Chalmit, I declare that, on the date the equipment accompanied by this declaration is placed on the market, the equipment conforms to all technical and regulatory requirements of the above listed directives.

En tant que représentant du fabricant Chalmit, je déclare qu'à la date où les équipements accompagnant cette déclaration sont mis sur le marché, ceux-ci sont conformes à toutes les dispositions réglementaires et techniques des directives énumérées ci-dessus.

Hiermit bestätige ich, im Namen von Chalmit, dass am Tag der Lieferung des Produkts/der Produkte zusammen mit dieser Erklärung das Gerät/die Geräte alle technischen und regulativen Anforderungen der oben aufgeführten Direktiven erfüllt.

 Name and Date Nom et Date
 Mark Poutney
 04/02/2021
 Technical Manager Directeur technique Technischer Leiter

 Quality Assurance Notification by: Notification d'assurance qualité par:
 SGS FIMKO OY 0598
 Quality Management System Acreditation:
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Système de Management Qualité Accréditation: Qualitätsmanagementsystem Akkreditierung: Environmental Management System. Système de gestion de l'environnement. Umwelt kontroll system. Certificate No./Certificat N°/Zertifikat Nr.

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