



UFO-7W-I

SELF-TESTING EMERGENCY BALLAST INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

! IMPORTANT SAFEGUARDS !

WHEN USING ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT, BASIC SAFETY PRECAUTIONS SHOULD ALWAYS BE FOLLOWED, INCLUDING THE FOLLOWING:

READ AND FOLLOW ALL SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

1. To prevent high voltage from being present on red & yellow output leads prior to installation, inverter connector must be open. Do not join inverter connector until installation is complete and AC power is supplied to the emergency ballast.
2. This product is for use with most 2' through 8' (17W - 215W) T5, T8, T9, T10, and T12 single pin or bipin fluorescent lamps, including energy saving, circline, U-Shaped and rapid-start (4-pin) long compact fluorescent lamps.
3. Make sure all connections are in accordance with the National Electrical Code and any local regulations.
4. To reduce the risk of electric shock, disconnect both normal and emergency power supplies and inverter connector of the emergency ballast before servicing.
5. This emergency ballast is for factory or field installation.
6. This product is suitable for damp locations where the ambient temperature is +5°C minimum, +50°C maximum. Not suitable for heated air outlets, wet or hazardous locations.
7. An unswitched AC power source is required (120 or 277 VAC, 60 Hz).
8. Do not install near gas or electric heaters.
9. The use of accessory equipment not recommended by the manufacturer may cause an unsafe condition.
10. Do not use this product for other than intended use.
11. Servicing should be performed by qualified service personnel.

CAUTION: Verify that all replacement lamp types marked on the installed luminaire are also identified as suitable for use with this inverter/charger pack.

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS



CONTAINS NICKEL-CADMIUM
RECHARGEABLE BATTERY.
MUST BE RECYCLED OR
DISPOSED OF PROPERLY.



Hubbell Lighting, Inc.

WARNING – This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects and/or other reproductive harm. Thoroughly wash hands after installing, handling, cleaning, or otherwise touching this product.

12/10/13



INSTALLATION



WARNING: TO PREVENT HIGH VOLTAGE FROM BEING PRESENT ON RED AND YELLOW OUTPUT LEADS PRIOR TO INSTALLATION, INVERTER CONNECTOR MUST BE OPEN. DO NOT JOIN INVERTER CONNECTOR UNTIL INSTALLATION IS COMPLETE AND AC POWER IS SUPPLIED TO THE EMERGENCY BALLAST.

NOTE: Before installing the emergency ballast, make sure that the necessary branch circuit wiring is available. An unswitched source of power is required. The emergency ballast must be fed from the same branch circuit as the AC ballast.

1. Disconnect AC power from the fixture. Install the emergency ballast either on top of the fixture (see Illustration 1) or remote from the fixture up to 1/2 the distance the AC ballast manufacturer recommends removing the AC ballast from the lamp, or up to 50 feet, whichever is less (see Illustration 2).
2. Select the appropriate wiring diagram to connect the emergency ballast to the AC ballast and lamp. Make sure all connections are in accordance with the National Electrical Code and any local regulations.
3. Install the test switch through the ballast channel cover of a troffer or through the side of a strip fixture. Drill a 1/2" hole and install the test switch as shown (see Illustration 3). Wire the test switch so that it removes AC power from both the emergency ballast and the AC ballast at the same time (see wiring diagrams).
4. Refer to Illustration 3 and install the charging indicator light. Connect charging indicator light to emergency ballast by matching violet and brown leads.
5. In a readily visible location, attach the label "CAUTION-This Unit Has More Than One Power Connection Point. To Reduce The Risk Of Electric Shock, Disconnect Both The Branch Circuit-Breakers Or Fuses And Emergency Power Supplies Before Servicing."

ILLUSTRATION 1

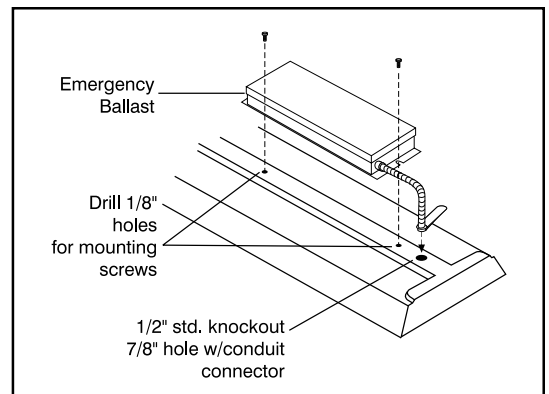
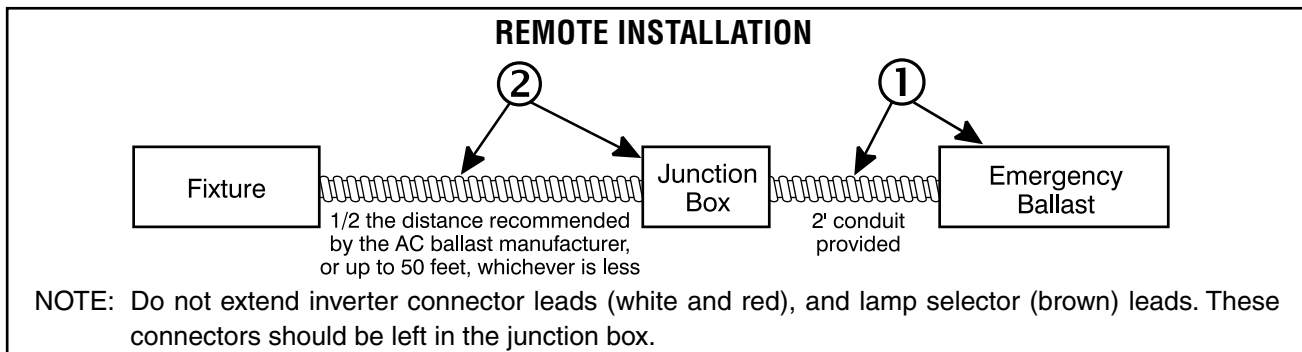


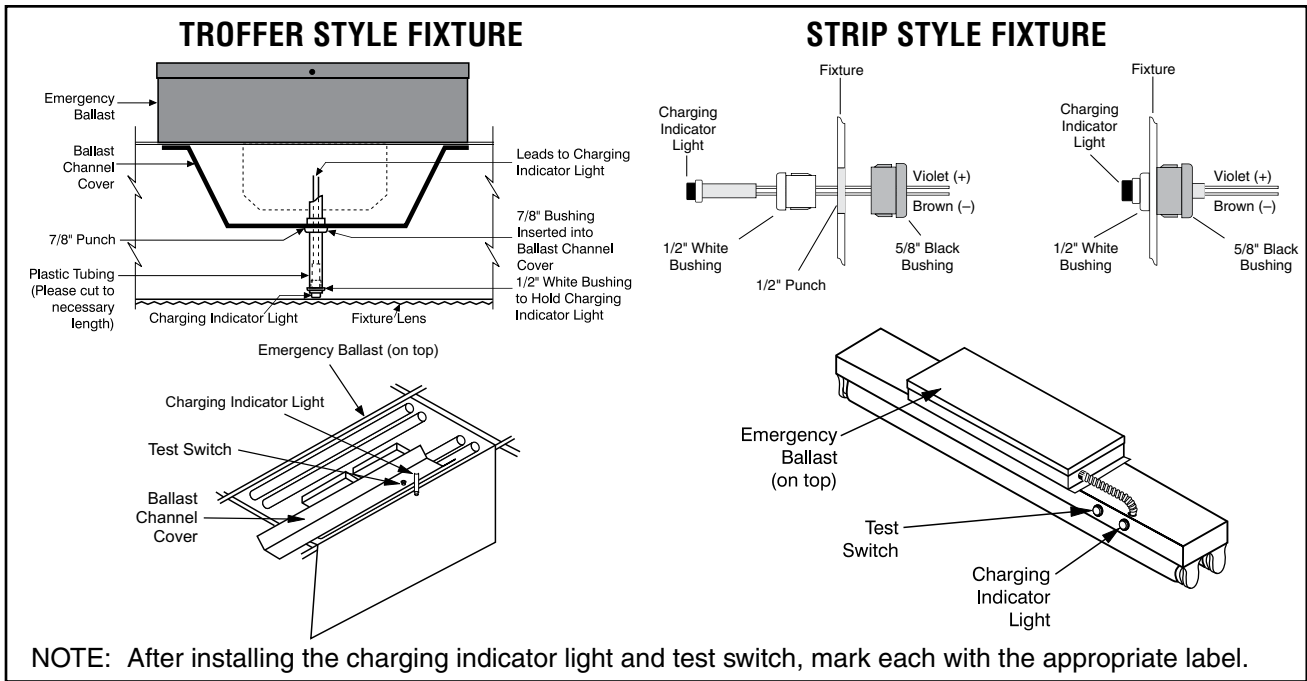
ILLUSTRATION 2



- ① Emergency ballast with flexible conduit.
- ② Conduit and junction box (not supplied), but necessary for remote installation.

6. After installation is complete, supply AC power to the emergency ballast and join the inverter connector.
7. A short-term discharge test may be conducted after the emergency ballast has been charging for one hour. Charge for 24 hours before conducting a long-term discharge test. Refer to OPERATION.

ILLUSTRATION 3



OPERATION

During normal operation, AC power is applied and the self-testing emergency ballast charges the battery. Connecting the (red and white) inverter connector wires enables the emergency circuit, and supplies power to the control/monitor circuit and charging indicator light. The self-testing emergency ballast continually monitors the charging current and battery voltage, comparing them to preset limits. Should the unit detect an unusual current or voltage condition, the indicator light will flash.

When AC power fails, the self-testing emergency ballast automatically switches to emergency mode, keeping either one or two lamps illuminated at a reduced lumen output for a minimum of 90 minutes. When AC power is restored, the self-testing emergency ballast returns to charging mode and delays AC ballast operation for approximately three seconds to prevent false tripping of AC ballast (end-of-lamp life) shutdown circuits.

SELF-TESTING OPERATION

This unit contains a control/monitor circuit that automatically performs a 30-second discharge test every 30 days, and a full 90-minute discharge test once a year. During routine testing, the self-testing emergency ballast simulates an AC power failure causing the unit to automatically switch to emergency mode. The unit will monitor the operation of the lamps, battery voltage, discharge current, and emergency duration. If the emergency system functions properly, then the unit will return to normal mode. Should the unit detect any problems, the indicator light will flash continually until the condition has been corrected or the unit passes the next test. To reset a failure indication, push and hold the test switch for a minimum of 15 seconds. If the condition has not been corrected by the next scheduled test, the unit will once again detect the failure and signal the failure indicator. To cancel a test, turn the wall switch ON (or OFF if switch is already on), wait 5 seconds, then turn it OFF (ON).

MAINTENANCE

This self-testing emergency ballast automatically performs required routine testing. Results are reported to maintenance personnel via the indicator light.

Note: Maintenance personnel should periodically check the indicator light. If the indicator light is flashing, go through all steps of Troubleshooting Guide.

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

STATUS INDICATOR	PROBLEM	CONNECTOR
INDICATOR LIGHT		
Light on steady, not flashing	None	Unit is Operating Correctly.
Flashing 1/2 Second Intervals	Line voltage; incorrect installation	Check line voltage. For 120 VAC use black as hot; for 277 VAC use orange as hot wire lead.
Flashing 1/2 Second Intervals	Battery voltage is outside limits.	Let battery charge. If after an hour failure is still indicated, see action below.
	Failed scheduled self-test	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check to make sure lamps are good (operational and specified for self-testing emergency ballast) and in place. 2. Check to see if brown connector is properly used. (See Table 1.) 3. Check that fixture wiring is in accordance with proper wiring diagram. 4. Allow unit to charge for 24 hours. Perform manual test. If flashing continues, emergency ballast should be replaced.
Any other erroneous status indications	Corrupted chip memory	Open inverter connector (red and white wires) and push manual test switch for 15 seconds minimum, then reconnect battery connector.

FAILURE STATUS WILL BE RESET WHEN THE UNIT PASSES:

- The next automatic test, or
- A manual test exceeding 15 seconds, or
- An actual power failure exceeding 15 seconds.

NOTE: IT IS NORMAL FOR THE INDICATOR LIGHT TO REMAIN OFF FOR A FEW MINUTES ON INITIAL START-UP OR AFTER A VERY LONG POWER OUTAGE (DISCHARGE), AS THE BATTERY VOLTAGE RISES TO NORMAL RANGE. REFER TO THE TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE IF THIS CONDITION PERSISTS.

WIRING DIAGRAMS

EMERGENCY BALLAST AND AC BALLAST MUST BE FED FROM THE SAME BRANCH CIRCUIT.
 TYPICAL SCHEMATICS ONLY. MAY BE USED WITH OTHER BALLASTS. CONSULT THE FACTORY FOR OTHER WIRING DIAGRAMS.

Table 1 - Lamp Compatibility

LAMP DIAMETER (T8, T9, T10, T12)	BASE	WATTAGE (Length)	NO. of LAMPS (EMERGENCY)	BROWN CONNECTOR
1", 1¼", 1½"	Single or Bipin	17 - 40 W (2' - 4')	1	CLOSED
		40 - 215 W (5' - 8')	2	OPEN
Long Compact	4-PIN (2G11)	18 - 39 W	1	CLOSED
		40 - 55 W	2	OPEN
			1	OPEN
Twin/Quad Twin-Tube Compact	4-PIN (G24q, GX24q)	18 - 42 W	1	CLOSED
			2	OPEN
2D	4-PIN (GR10q)	16 - 38 W	1	CLOSED
			2	OPEN
		55 W	1	OPEN
T5 (5/8")	Bipin	21 - 54 W (2' - 4')	1	CLOSED

WIRING DIAGRAMS for 1-LAMP emergency operation

FIG A ONE (1) LAMP RAPID START BALLAST

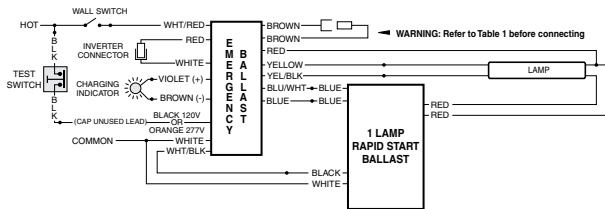


FIG B ONE (1) LAMP INSTANT START BALLAST

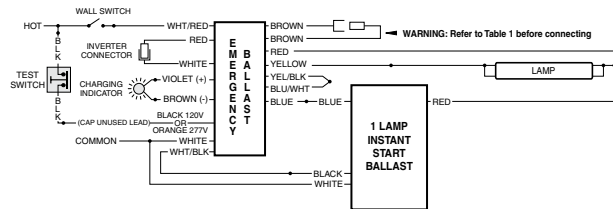


FIG C TWO (2) LAMP RAPID START BALLAST

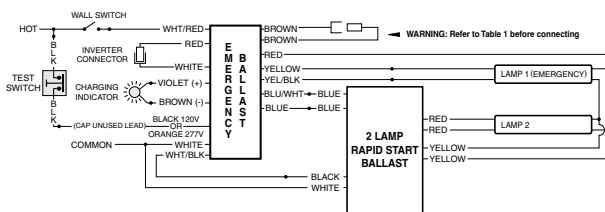


FIG D TWO (2) LAMP INSTANT START BALLAST

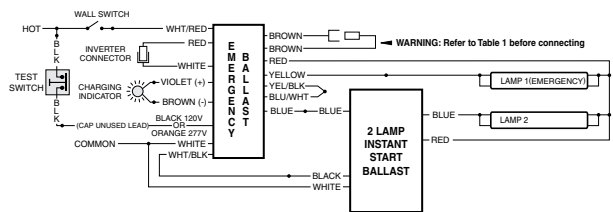


FIG E THREE (3) LAMP RAPID START BALLAST

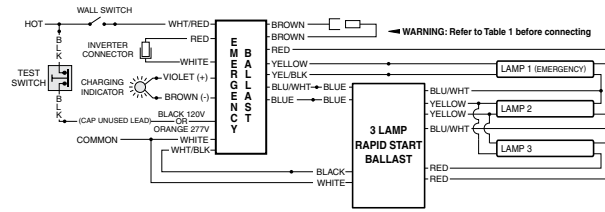


FIG F THREE (3) LAMP INSTANT START BALLAST

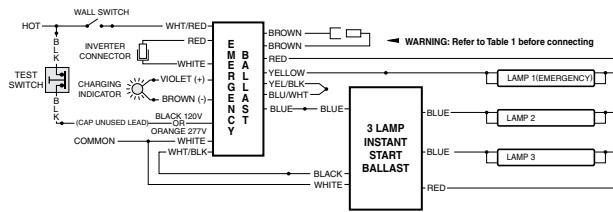


FIG G FOUR (4) LAMP RAPID START BALLAST

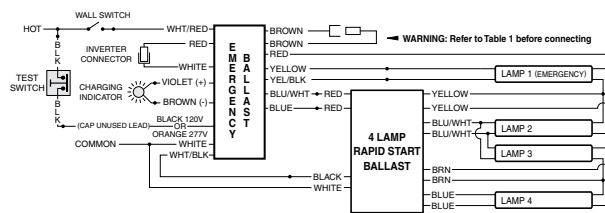
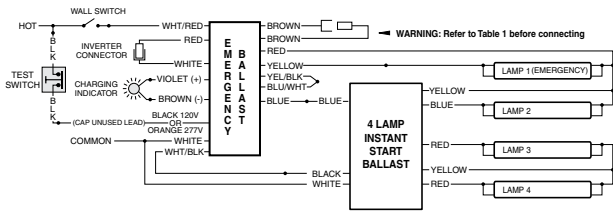


FIG H FOUR (4) LAMP INSTANT START BALLAST



WIRING DIAGRAMS for 1-LAMP emergency operation

FIG I ONE (1) LAMP COMPACT RAPID START BALLAST

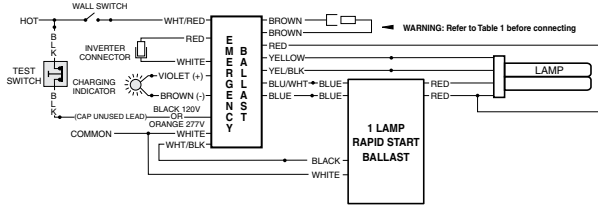


FIG J TWO (2) LAMP COMPACT RAPID START BALLAST

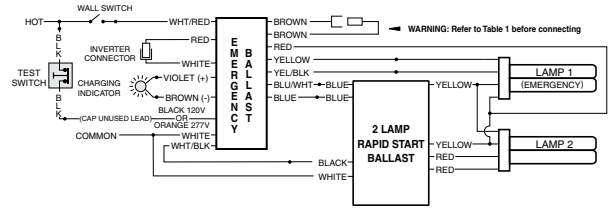
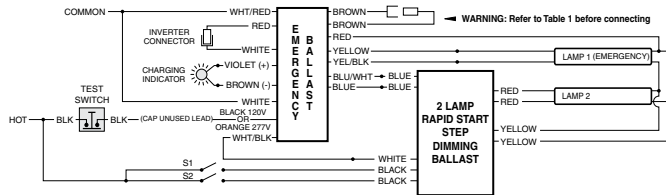


FIG K TWO (2) LAMP RAPID START STEP DIMMING BALLAST



THE WHITE/BLACK LEAD MUST CONNECT TO THE WHITE LEAD OF THE STEP-DIMMING BALLAST ASSOCIATED WITH THE EMERGENCY BALLAST ONLY. CONNECTIONS TO OTHER BALLASTS OR FIXTURES COULD RESULT IN ABNORMAL OPERATION AND CAUSE PRODUCT DAMAGE.

WIRING DIAGRAMS for 2-LAMP emergency operation (2'-4', 17-40 W lamps only)

FIG K TWO (2) LAMP RAPID START BALLAST

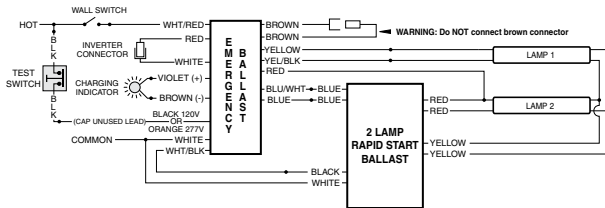


FIG L TWO (2) LAMP INSTANT START BALLAST

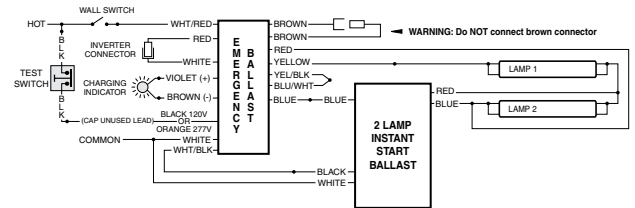


FIG M THREE (3) LAMP RAPID START BALLAST

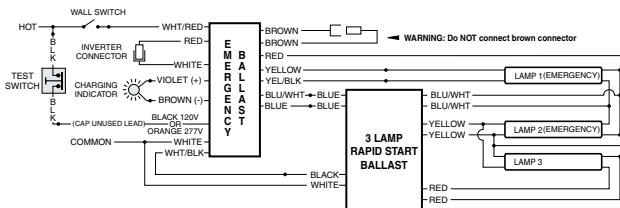


FIG N THREE (3) LAMP INSTANT START BALLAST

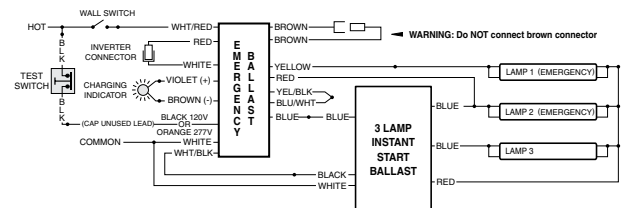


FIG O FOUR (4) LAMP RAPID START BALLAST

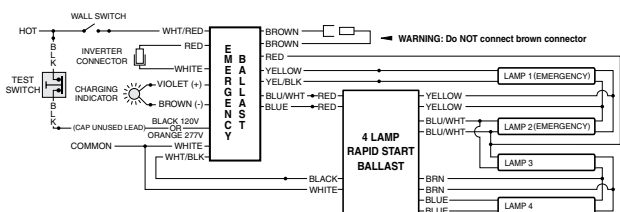


FIG P FOUR (4) LAMP INSTANT START BALLAST

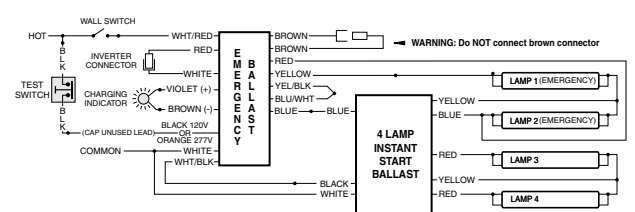
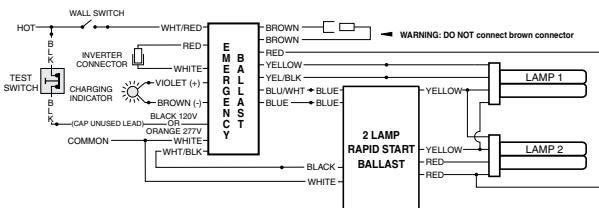


FIG Q TWO (2) COMPACT LAMP RAPID START BALLAST



WIRING DIAGRAMS for Emergency-Only fixtures

FIG R TWO (2) LAMPS WITHOUT AC BALLAST (17-40W)

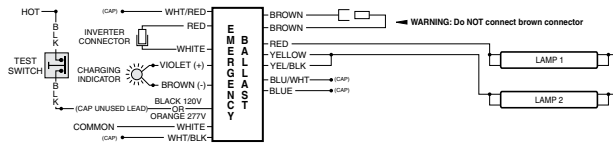


FIG S ONE (1) LAMP WITHOUT AC BALLAST (16-42W)

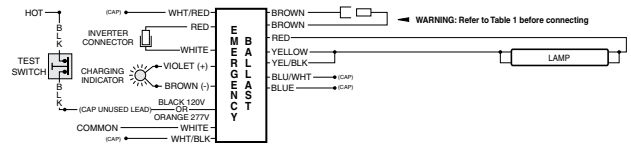


FIG T ONE (1) 4-PIN COMPACT LAMP WITHOUT AC BALLAST (16-55W)

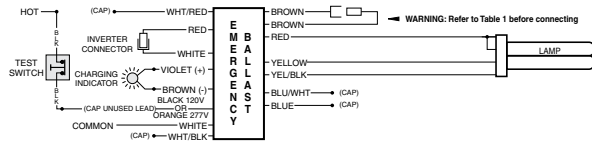
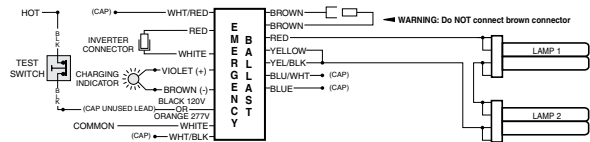


FIG U TWO (2) 4-PIN COMPACT LAMPS WITHOUT AC BALLAST (16-42W)



NOTE: INSTALLATION OF THIS SELF-TESTING FLUORESCENT EMERGENCY BALLAST IS DIFFERENT FROM STANDARD MODELS. THE EMERGENCY BALLAST MUST INTERRUPT THE SWITCHED OR UNSWITCHED HOT LEAD FEEDING THE AC BALLAST. BEFORE BEGINNING INSTALLATION, CONSULT THESE WIRING DIAGRAMS.